

"(b) On payment of any claim determined, compromised, or settled under this section at a net amount exceeding \$3,000, but not exceeding \$25,000, payable by the United States, the Secretary of the Treasury within twenty days of payment shall report to the Congress setting forth the nature of the claim, the vessel involved, the amount paid with respect thereto, the basis of the determination, compromise, or settlement, and other pertinent facts. The Secretary of the Treasury shall report to the Congress, at each session thereof, all claims which have been paid under this section. During any war the reports required under this section may omit any fact or facts disclosure of which, in the opinion of the Secretary, would be prejudicial to the national security."

(B) Section 647(b) of title 14 of the United States Code, relating to certain reports to Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury with respect to certain claims of the United States for damage to Coast Guard property, which reads as follows:

"(b) Within twenty days after receipt of a payment in a net amount exceeding \$3,000 due the United States pursuant to determination, compromise, or settlement of any claim under this section, the Secretary of the Treasury shall report to the Congress setting forth the nature of the claim; the vessel or vessels involved; the amount received; the basis of determination, compromise, or settlement; and other pertinent facts. During any war the reports required under this section may omit any fact or facts, disclosure of which in the opinion of the Secretary, would be prejudicial to the national security."

(4) Section 1552(f) of title 10 of the United States Code, relating to reports to Congress by the Secretary of Defense with respect to claims incident to correction of military records, which reads as follows:

"(f) The Secretary of Defense for the military departments, and the Secretary of the Treasury for the Coast Guard, shall report to Congress every six months on claims paid under this section during the period covered by the report. The report shall include for each claim the name of the claimant, a brief description of the claim, and a statement of the amount paid."

(5) (A) Section 714 of title 10 of the United States Code, relating to reports to Congress with respect to length of tours of duty outside the United States by members of the Army and Air Force, which reads as follows:

"§ 714. Reports to Congress on length of tours of duty outside United States by members of Army and Air Force

"The Secretary of Defense shall advise the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, on April 1 and October 1 of each year, of the regulations governing the length of tours of duty outside the United States by members of the Army and the Air Force, including any changes in those regulations."

(B) That part of the analysis of chapter 41 of title 10 of the United States Code which reads as follows:

"714. Reports to Congress on length of tours of duty outside United States by members of Army and Air Force."

(6) Section 408(b) of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize certain construction at military and naval installations, and for other purposes", approved June 17, 1950 (64 Stat. 245), which reads as follows:

"(b) The Secretary of Defense is authorized and directed to make a report to the Congress at the beginning of the first session of the Eighty-second Congress, and at the beginning of the first session of each succeeding Congress, listing all projects for the establishment or development of military, naval, or air-force installations and facilities by the construction, installation, or

equipment of temporary or permanent public works which have been authorized by the Congress subsequent to the beginning of the Eightieth Congress and for which adequate funds for the completion thereof have not been appropriated. The report shall include any recommendations which the Secretary of Defense deems appropriate with respect to the rescission of all, or any portion, of the authority to proceed with any such project."

(7) (A) Section 9805 of title 10 of the United States Code, relating to certain reports to Congress by the Secretary of the Air Force with respect to certain claims against and by the United States, which reads as follows:

"§ 9805. Reports to Congress

"The Secretary of the Air Force shall report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives within 20 days after paying a claim in an amount over \$3,000 under section 9802 of this title, or receiving payment of a claim under section 9803 or 9804 of this title. The report shall include a description of the claim, the names of the vessels involved, a statement of the amount paid or received, the basis of the determination, and other pertinent information. The Secretary shall also report to Congress at each session all amounts paid or received under those sections during the period covered by the report. However, during a war, the Secretary may omit from a report under this section any information the disclosure of which he believes would prejudice the national security."

(B) That part of the analysis of chapter 951 of title 10 of the United States Code which reads as follows:

"9805. Reports to Congress."

(8) (A) Section 4805 of title 10 of the United States Code, relating to certain reports to Congress by the Secretary of the Army with respect to certain claims against and by the United States, which reads as follows:

"§ 4805. Reports to Congress

"The Secretary of the Army shall report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives within 20 days after paying a claim in an amount over \$3,000 under section 4802 of this title, or receiving payment of a claim under section 4803 or 4804 of this title. The report shall include a description of the claim, the names of the vessels involved, a statement of the amount paid or received, the basis of the determination, and other pertinent information. The Secretary shall also report to Congress at each session all amounts paid or received under those sections during the period covered by the report. However, during a war, the Secretary may omit from a report under this section any information the disclosure of which he believes would prejudice the national security."

(B) That part of the analysis of chapter 451 of title 10 of the United States Code which reads as follows:

"4805. Reports to Congress."

(9) The last sentence of section 8 of the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946, as amended (60 Stat. 967; 37 U.S.C. 37), which reads as follows: "Amounts expended hereunder shall be included in the annual reports to the Congress by the Departments concerned."

(10) (A) Section 7624 of title 10 of the United States Code, relating to certain reports to Congress by the Secretary of the Navy with respect to admiralty claims against the United States, which reads as follows:

"§ 7624. Reports to Congress

"(a) The Secretary of the Navy shall report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives within 20 days after an amount over \$3,000 is paid by him under section 7622 of this title

or is received by him under section 7623. The report shall include a description of the claim, the names of the vessels involved, a statement of the amount paid or received, the basis of the determination, and other pertinent information.

"(b) The Secretary shall report to Congress at each session all claims that have been paid under section 7622 of this title during the period covered by the report.

"(c) During a war the Secretary may omit from a report under this section any information the disclosure of which he believes would prejudice the national security."

(B) That part of the analysis of chapter 653 of title 10 of the United States Code which reads as follows:

"7624. Reports to Congress."

(11) Section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the construction of certain naval vessels, and for other purposes", approved February 6, 1942 (56 Stat. 53; Public Law 440, Seventy-seventh Congress), which reads as follows:

"Sec. 4. The Secretary of the Navy from time to time, but not less frequently than once every six months, shall transmit to the Congress a full report of all acquisitions of land effected under authority of this or any subsequent Act."

(12) Section 302 of the Penalty Mail Act of 1948, as amended (62 Stat. 1048; 39 U.S.C. 321j), which reads as follows:

"Sec. 302. The Postmaster General shall report to the Congress and to the Bureau of the Budget within ninety days after the close of each fiscal year the number of envelopes, labels, wrappers, cards, and other articles bearing such penalty indicia procured or accounted for through him during such fiscal year by each executive department and agency, by each independent establishment, and by each organization and person authorized by law to use the penalty privilege."

(13) That part of section 13 of the Act of June 25, 1910 (36 Stat. 858; 43 U.S.C. 148), relating to the authority of the Secretary of the Interior to reserve certain Indian lands valuable for power or reservoir sites or for irrigation projects and his reports thereon, which reads as follows: "and he shall report to Congress all reservations made in conformity with this Act."

(14) Section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President of the United States to make withdrawals of public lands in certain cases", approved June 25, 1910, as amended (36 Stat. 848; 43 U.S.C. 143), which reads as follows:

"Sec. 3. That the Secretary of the Interior shall report all such withdrawals to Congress at the beginning of its next regular session after the date of the withdrawals."

(15) Section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to arrange with States or Territories for the education, medical attention, relief of distress, and social welfare of Indians, and for other purposes", approved April 18, 1934, as amended (49 Stat. 1459; 25 U.S.C. 455), which reads as follows:

"Sec. 4. That the Secretary of the Interior shall report annually to the Congress any contract or contracts made under the provisions of this Act, and the moneys expended thereunder."

(16) The last sentence of section 10 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 986; 25 U.S.C. 470), providing for an annual report to Congress of transactions involving loans to Indians, which reads as follows: "A report shall be made annually to Congress of transactions under this authorization."

(17) Section 3 of the Act of December 18, 1942 (56 Stat. 1057; 30 U.S.C. 15), providing for the establishment of a research laboratory for the utilization of anthracite coal, which reads as follows:

"Sec. 3. The Secretary, acting through the United States Bureau of Mines, shall make a report to Congress at the beginning of each regular session of the activities of, expenditures by, and donations to, the laboratory established under this Act."

(18) Section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize appropriations for the Bureau of Reclamation for payments to school districts on certain projects during their construction status", approved June 29, 1948 (62 Stat. 1108; 43 U.S.C. 385b), which reads as follows:

"Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior shall furnish to the Congress each year, on or before the 3d day of January, a report on all activities undertaken during the preceding fiscal year pursuant to the provisions of this Act, together with such recommendations with respect to problems relating to it as he shall think appropriate."

(19) Section 6 of the Act of October 26, 1949, as amended (63 Stat. 929; 16 U.S.C. 463e), establishing the National Trust for Historic Preservation in the United States, which reads as follows:

"Sec. 6. The National Trust shall, on or before the 1st day of March in each year, transmit to Congress a report of its proceedings and activities for the preceding calendar year, including the full and complete statement of its receipts and expenditures."

(20) Section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to cooperate with the Government of Mexico in the control and eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and rinderpest", approved February 28, 1947, as amended (61 Stat. 8; 21 U.S.C. 114d), which reads as follows:

"Sec. 3. Thirty days after the enactment of this Act, and every thirty days thereafter, the Secretary of Agriculture shall make a report to the Congress with respect to the activities carried on under this Act."

(21) Section 7 of the Act of May 8, 1914, as amended (67 Stat. 85; 7 U.S.C. 347), relating to annual reports to Congress with respect to agricultural extension work, which reads as follows:

"Sec. 7. The Secretary of Agriculture shall make an annual report to Congress of the receipts, expenditures, and results of the cooperative agricultural extension work in all of the States, Territories, or possessions receiving the benefits of this Act, and also whether the appropriation of any State, Territory, or possession has been withheld, and, if so, the reason therefor."

(22) The last paragraph of section 7 of the Act of March 2, 1887, as amended (69 Stat. 674; 7 U.S.C. 361g), relating to annual reports to Congress with respect to the work of agricultural experiment stations, which reads as follows:

"The Secretary of Agriculture shall make an annual report to the Congress during the first regular session of each year of the receipts and expenditures and work of the agricultural experiment stations in all the States under the provisions of this Act and also whether any portion of the appropriation available for allotment to any State has been withheld and if so the reasons therefor."

(23) The first sentence of section 3 of the Act of June 15, 1936 (49 Stat. 1506; 36 U.S.C. 139b), establishing The National Yeomen F., which reads: "That said organization shall report annually to the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution concerning its proceedings, and said Secretary shall communicate to Congress such portions thereof as he may deem of national interest and importance."

(24) Subparagraph (3) of section 4(k) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (66 Stat. 712; 47 U.S.C. 154(k)(3)), which reads as follows:

"(3) Information with respect to all persons taken into the employment of the Commission during the year covered by the re-

port, including names, pertinent biographical data and experience, Commission positions held and compensation paid, together with the names of those persons who have left the employ of the Commission during such year: *Provided*, That the first annual report following the date of enactment of the Communications Act Amendments, 1952, shall contain such information with respect to all persons in the employ of the Commission at the close of the year for which the report is made;"

(25) That part of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of the first section of the Act of July 25, 1956 (70 Stat. 648; 31 U.S.C. 701(a)(2)), relating to the simplification of Government accounting and the facilitation of the payment of Government obligations, which reads: "*Provided further*, That prior thereto the head of the agency concerned shall make such report with respect to each such restoration as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget may require, and shall submit such report to the Director, the Comptroller General, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate."

And to amend the title so as to read: "An Act to repeal certain provisions of law requiring the submission of certain reports to Congress, and for other purposes."

Mr. McCLELLAN. Mr. President, this bill originated with the Committee on Government Operations.

In 1957, in response to a request made by the committee, the Director of the Bureau of the Budget conducted a survey within the executive branch of the Government and recommended the discontinuance of 59 reports authorized by law to be submitted to the Congress, which the respective agencies and the Bureau of the Budget recommended be discontinued since they no longer were considered necessary and were held to serve no useful purpose.

All committees of the Senate were canvassed by the Committee on Government Operations to ascertain whether or not they also agreed that the 59 reports recommended by the Bureau of the Budget could be discontinued. As a result of recommendations from the various chairmen of the Senate committees, 14 of the reports recommended by the Bureau of the Budget were eliminated from the bill. The bill passed the Senate in revised form authorizing the discontinuance of 45 reports. The House of Representatives followed the same procedure of the Senate committee and as a result of recommendations made by the various committees of the House, the number of reports to be discontinued as provided in the Senate bill was reduced from 45 to 21. The House committee inserted four new items, thereby increasing the total to 25 reports which would be discontinued under the bill as amended by the House of Representatives.

Mr. President, I do not believe that the House amendments actually go far enough to eliminate all the reports that could be eliminated. But certainly the elimination of 25, as contained in the House amendments, would be a forward step, and would be making progress in the right direction. In view of the limited time remaining in Congress, and in view of the position taken by the House, I believe it would be well for the House amendments to be accepted.

Therefore I move that the Senate concur in the House amendments.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Arkansas.

The motion was agreed to.

PUBLIC DEBT AND TAX RATE EXTENSION ACT OF 1959

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill (H.R. 12381) to increase for a 1-year period the public debt limit set forth in section 21 of the Second Liberty Bond Act and to extend for 1 year the existing corporate normal-tax rate and certain excise-tax rates.

Mr. BYRD of Virginia. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Mr. Jay Glasman, Assistant to the Secretary of the Treasury, be granted the privilege of the floor during the debate on the bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. BYRD of Virginia. Mr. President, I make a point of no quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The Chief Clerk called the roll and the following Senators answered to their names:

[No. 234]

Aiken	Clark	Mansfield
Anderson	Curtis	Muskie
Bartlett	Dworschak	Pastore
Beall	Ervin	Proxmire
Bible	Gore	Scott
Brunsdale	Hart	Smith
Bush	Hartke	Sparkman
Byrd, Va.	Johnson, Tex.	Talmadge
Byrd, W. Va.	Johnston, S.C.	Wiley
Cannon	Keating	Williams, Del.
Carlson	Kuchel	Young, Ohio
Case, S. Dak.	Lusk	

Mr. MANSFIELD. I announce that the Senator from Colorado [Mr. CARROLL], the Senator from California [Mr. ENGLE], the Senator from Rhode Island [Mr. GREEN], the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. JORDAN], the Senator from Washington [Mr. MAGNUSON], the Senator from Georgia [Mr. RUSSELL], the Senator from Mississippi [Mr. STENNIS], the Senator from Georgia [Mr. TALMADGE], and the Senator from South Carolina [Mr. THURMOND] are absent on official business.

The Senator from Missouri [Mr. HENNINGSEN] is absent because of illness.

I further announce that the Senator from Tennessee [Mr. KEFAUVER], the Senator from Massachusetts [Mr. KENNEDY], the Senator from Michigan [Mr. McNAMARA], the Senator from Oregon [Mr. MORSE], the Senator from West Virginia [Mr. RANDOLPH] are necessarily absent.

Mr. KUCHEL. I announce that the Senators from New Hampshire [Mr. BRIDGES and Mr. COTTON], the Senator from New Jersey [Mr. CASE], the Senator from Kentucky [Mr. COOPER], and the Senator from Nebraska [Mr. HRUSKA] are necessarily absent.

The Senator from Maryland [Mr. BUTLER] is absent because of illness.

The Senator from Indiana [Mr. CAPEHART] is absent by leave of the Senate.

The Senator from Iowa [Mr. HICKENLOOPER], the Senator from South Dakota [Mr. MUNDT], and the Senator from Kansas [Mr. SCHOEPFEL] are absent on official business.